

AP-968

**B.A. (Part-I) Examination
SUPPLEMENTARY ENGLISH
(Modern Indian Language)**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks—100

1. Write an essay of about **400** words on any **ONE** of the following :
 - (a) Rising Prices.
 - (b) Science in Everyday Life.
 - (c) English Language and Globalization.
 - (d) Empowerment of Women in India.
 - (e) We live in Deeds and Not in Years. 15

2. Answer any **THREE** of the following :
 - (a) How does Gandhi help people to remove fear from their minds ?
 - (b) 'My final belief is in life', observes Julian Huxley. How does he arrive at this conclusion ?

- (c) Summarize Russell's arguments on the role of the teacher.
- (d) How according to Lynd, the railway trains can make a World Parliament possible ?
- (e) Chaplin as a 'genius developed by the motion pictures.' Explain. 45

3. Answer any **TWO** of the following :

- (a) Why did Schatz think that he would die ? How did the boy realise his mistake ?
- (b) What is the significance of the title of the story, 'The Open Window' ?
- (c) How does the story 'The Ant and the Grasshopper' present a contrast between the characters of George and his brother Tom ?
- (d) How did the 'Doctor's word' play a significant role in Gopal's recovery from illness ? 30

4. Make a precis of the following passage and suggest a suitable title :

It is generally admitted that climate exercises a great influence on man and his activities. It directly affects his

health, energy and productive efficiency. People of the temperate zones are found to be most active in body and mind. They work harder and are more enterprising than tropical people.

The types of crops in a region and the possibility of their variation all depend on climate. The type of crops is often a guide to the kind of economic activity in a country. Further, the rise, development and location of industries, in some cases are determined by the climatic condition. Thus, cotton mills cluster together in regions with a humid atmosphere whereas flour mills need a dry climate. The vagaries of climate cause serious dislocation in economic activity. Excessive rainfall causes flood and damage to crops. Deficiency of rain leads to severe droughts, crop failures and famine. Heavy snowfall often renders railway routes and roads temporarily impassable and low temperatures block rivers and seas with ice. The Baltic countries and North Russia suffer from such handicaps. Many social customs, habits and traditions can be traced to the influence of climate. Early marriages in tropical countries are attributed to the climate factor. Styles in architecture and even the mode of dress change with climate. 10